

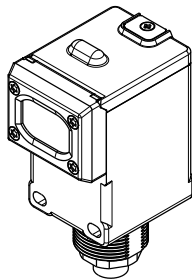
## Datasheet

The Wireless Q45VTP Node is a compact, industrial, battery-powered device that wirelessly communicates with any Sure Cross Performance Gateway and mounts on a variety of machines to analyze vibration data and identify and predict failures in rotating machinery. The Q45VTP uses DIP switches to allow multiple configuration options for the vibration characteristics being monitored by Banner's QM30VT1 Vibration Sensor.

### Benefits

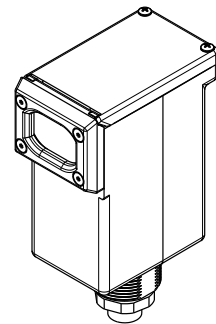
- Delivers pre-processed high accuracy vibration values for monitoring rotating equipment such as:
  - Motors
  - Pumps
  - Rotary Compressors
  - Exhaust or HVAC fan motors
  - Spindles
- Easy-to-use rugged device that can be easily mounted to equipment
- Use with the DXM Wireless Controller to track and trend vibration characteristics in real time to predict need for maintenance, predict potential component failure and avoid process downtime.
- **Eliminate control wires**—The Sure Cross wireless system is a radio frequency network with integrated I/O that removes the need for power and control wires
- **Reduce complexity**—Machine or process reconfiguration made easier; great for retrofit applications
- **Deploy easily**—Simplify installation on existing equipment enables deployment in remote and hard-to-access locations where implementing a wired solution would be difficult, impractical, or not cost-effective

Figure 1. Q45VTP



- Battery powered for “peel and stick” functionality with more than 2 years of battery life
- Achieves vibration accuracy of  $\pm 10\%$  RMS velocity (in/sec)
- Detects vibration characteristics on 2 axis (radial and axial) such as RMS Velocity, High Frequency Acceleration, Peak Acceleration, Peak Velocity Component Frequency, etc
- Transmit power levels of 250 mW or 1 Watt for 900 MHz models and 65 mW for 2.4 GHz models are user-selectable
- DIP switches for user configuration of sample time and vibration characteristics
- Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum (FHSS) technology ensures reliable data delivery
- Transceivers provide bidirectional communication between the Gateway and Node, including fully acknowledged data transmission
- Diagnostics allow user-defined output settings in the unlikely event of lost RF signal

Figure 2. Q45VTPD



## Models

Model	Power	Radio Frequency	Inputs and Outputs
DX80N2Q45VTP	Two AA lithium batteries	2.4 GHz ISM Band	Pre-configured to monitor QM30VT1 vibration/temperature sensors
DX80N9Q45VTP		900 MHz ISM Band	
DX80N2Q45VTPD	One D-cell lithium battery	2.4 GHz ISM Band	
DX80N9Q45VTPD		900 MHz ISM Band	

## Storage Mode

While in **storage mode**, the device's radio does not operate, to conserve the battery. To put any device into storage mode, press and hold the binding button for five seconds. The device is in storage mode when the LEDs stop blinking. To wake the device, press and hold the binding button (inside the housing on the radio board) for five seconds.

## General Operation

For the first 15 minutes after power up, the Node samples the sensor every two seconds (fast sample mode). After 15 minutes, the Node defaults to five-minute sample intervals. Activate fast sample mode by single clicking the button (the amber LED is solid).

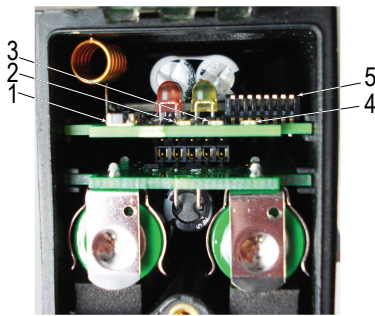
ISO 10816 provides guidance for evaluating vibration velocity severity motors, pumps, fans, compressors, gear boxes, blowers, dryers, presses, and other machines that operate in the 10 to 1000 Hz frequency range.



Figure 3. Vibration Severity per ISO 10816

Vibration Velocity Vrms	Machine		Class I Small Machines	Class II Medium Machines	Class III Large Rigid Foundation	Class IV Large Soft Foundation
	in/s	mm/s				
0.01	0.28					
0.02	0.45					
0.03	0.71			good		
0.04	1.12					
0.07	1.80					
0.11	2.80			satisfactory		
0.18	4.50					
0.28	7.10			unsatisfactory		
0.44	11.2					
0.70	18.0					
1.10	28.0			unacceptable		
1.77	45.9					

## Button and LEDs



- 1 Button
- 2 Red LED (flashing) indicates a radio link error with the Gateway.
- 3 Green LED (flashing) indicates a good radio link with the Gateway.
- 4 Amber LED is not used.
- 5 DIP Switches

## Configuration Instructions

### Bind to the Gateway and Assign the Node Address

Before beginning the binding procedure, apply power to all the devices. Separate the devices by two meters when running binding procedure. Put only one Gateway into binding at a time to prevent binding to the wrong Gateway.

1. On the Gateway: Enter binding mode.
  - For housed DX80 Gateways, triple-click button 2 on the Gateway. Both LEDs flash red.
  - For Gateway board modules, triple-click the button. The green and red LED flashes.
2. Assign the Q45VTP a Node address using the Gateway's rotary dials. Use the left rotary dial for the left digit and the right rotary dial for the right digit. For example, to assign your Q45VTP to Node 10, set the Gateway's left dial to 1 and the right dial to 0. Valid Node addresses are 01 through 47.



3. On the Q45: Loosen the clamp plate on the top of the Q45VTP and lift the cover.
4. Enter binding mode on the Q45VTP by triple-clicking the Q45VTP's button. The red and green LEDs flash alternately and the sensor searches for a Gateway in binding mode. After the Q45VTP is bound, the LEDs stay solid momentarily, then they flash together four times. The Q45VTP exits binding mode.
5. Label the sensor with the Q45VTP's Node address number for future reference.
6. Repeat steps 2 through 5 for as many Q45VTPs as are needed for your network.
7. On the Gateway: After binding all Q45VTPs, exit binding mode.
  - For housed DX80 Gateways, double-click button 2.

- For board-level DX80 Gateways, double-click the button.

For Gateways with single-line LCDs: After binding your Q45VTP to the Gateway, make note of the binding code displayed under the Gateway's \*DVCFG menu, XADR submenu on the LCD. Knowing the binding code prevents having to re-bind all Q45VTPs if your Gateway is ever replaced.

### Bind to a DXM and Assign the Node Address

Before beginning the binding procedure, apply power to all the devices. Separate the radios by two meters when running the binding procedure. Put only one DXM into binding mode at a time to prevent the Q45VTP from binding to the wrong Gateway.

1. On the DXM: Use the arrow keys to select the **ISM Radio** menu on the LCD and click **ENTER**.
2. Highlight the **Binding** menu and click **ENTER**.
3. Use the arrow keys to select the Node address to bind the Q45VTP to.
4. On the Q45VTP: Loosen the top clamp plate and lift the cover.
5. Enter binding mode by triple-clicking the binding button.  
The red and green LEDs flash alternately and the sensor searches for a Gateway in binding mode. After the Node binds, the LEDs stay solid momentarily, then they flash together four times. The Node exits binding mode.
6. Label the sensor with the Node address number for future reference.
7. On the DXM: Click **BACK** to exit binding for that specific Node address.
8. Repeat steps 3 through 7 and change the Node address for as many Q45VTPs as are needed for your network.
9. On the DXM: After you have finished forming your network, click **BACK** until you reach the main menu.

### DIP Switches

After making any changes to any DIP switch position, reboot the Q45VTP by triple-clicking the button, waiting a second, then double-clicking the button.

The DIP switches are in the OFF position. To turn a DIP switch on, push the switch toward the battery pack. DIP switches one through four are numbered from left to right.

Table 1: DIP switches

Description	DIP Switches							
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Transmit power: 1 Watt (default)	OFF							
Transmitt power: 250 mW (compatible with 150 mW radios)	ON							
Default I/O configuration <sup>1</sup> (default)		OFF	OFF	OFF				
I/O configuration 1		OFF	OFF	ON				
I/O configuration 2		OFF	ON	OFF				
I/O configuration 3		OFF	ON	ON				
I/O configuration 4		ON	OFF	OFF				
I/O configuration 5		ON	OFF	ON				
Reserved		ON	ON	OFF				
User configured (use the Sensor Configuration Software to pre-configure QM30VT1)		ON	ON	ON				
Sample/report rate: user configured (5 minutes by default)					OFF	OFF		
Sample/report rate: 150 seconds					OFF	ON		
Sample/report rate: 60 seconds					ON	OFF		
Reserved					ON	ON		
U.S. Standard units (e.g. velocity = in/s) (default)							OFF	
Metric units (e.g. velocity = mm/s)							ON	
Reserved (default)								OFF

Table 2: I/O configurations (set by DIP switches 2, 3, and 4)

Input Register		Default I/O	I/O Configuration 1	I/O Configuration 2	I/O Configuration 3	I/O Configuration 4	I/O Configuration 5
1	Z-Axis	RMS Velocity (in/sec)	RMS Velocity (in/sec)	High-Frequency RMS Acceleration (G)	RMS Velocity (in/sec)	Full Bandwidth RMS Acceleration (G)	RMS Velocity (in/sec)

<sup>1</sup> User configurable if switch 7 is OFF; for input serial addresses, see [Modbus Registers and I/O Serial Addresses](#) on p. 4

Input Register		Default I/O	I/O Configuration 1	I/O Configuration 2	I/O Configuration 3	I/O Configuration 4	I/O Configuration 5
2		High-Frequency RMS Acceleration (G)	Peak Acceleration (G)	Peak Acceleration (G)	Peak Velocity Component Frequency (Hz)	Full Bandwidth Peak Acceleration (G)	Full Bandwidth RMS Acceleration (G)
3	-	Temperature (°F)	Temperature (°F)	Temperature (°F)	Temperature (°F)	Temperature (°F)	Temperature (°F)
4	-	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved
5		RMS Velocity (in/sec)	RMS Velocity (in/sec)	High-Frequency RMS Acceleration (G)	RMS Velocity (in/sec)	Full Bandwidth RMS Acceleration (G)	RMS Velocity (in/sec)
6	X-Axis	High-Frequency RMS Acceleration (G)	Peak Acceleration (G)	Peak Acceleration (G)	Peak Velocity Component Frequency (Hz)	Full Bandwidth Peak Acceleration (G)	Full Bandwidth RMS Acceleration (G)

If DIP switch 7 is on, all in/s units change to mm/s. DIP switch 7 will only switch units with DIP switch I/O configurations, not with any user configuration.

## Modbus Registers and I/O Serial Addresses

Table 3: I/O serial addresses

Serial Address	Output Type	I/O Range		Holding Register Representation	
		Min	Max	Min (Dec)	Max (Dec)
16	Z-Axis RMS Velocity (in/sec) <sup>1, 5</sup>	0	6.5535	0	65535
25	Z-Axis High-Frequency RMS Acceleration <sup>2, 5</sup>	0	65.535	0	65535
-	Reserved	-	-	-	-
64	X-Axis RMS Velocity (in/sec) <sup>1, 5</sup>	0	6.5535	0	65535
73	X-Axis High-Frequency RMS Acceleration (G) <sup>2, 5</sup>	0	65.535	0	65535
20	Z-Axis Peak Acceleration (G) <sup>2, 6</sup>	0	65.535	0	65535
68	X-Axis Peak Acceleration (G) <sup>2, 6</sup>	0	65.535	0	65535
18	Z-Axis Peak Velocity Component Frequency (Hz) <sup>4, 5</sup>	0	6553.5	0	65535
66	X-Axis Peak Velocity Component Frequency (Hz) <sup>4, 5</sup>	0	6553.5	0	65535
19	Z-Axis RMS Acceleration (G) <sup>2, 5</sup>	0	65.535	0	65535
67	X-Axis RMS Acceleration (G) <sup>2, 5</sup>	0	65.535	0	65535
24	Z-Axis Kurtosis <sup>2, 6</sup>	0	65.535	0	65535
72	X-Axis Kurtosis <sup>2, 6</sup>	0	65.535	0	65535
37	Z-Axis Crest Factor <sup>2, 6</sup>	0	65.535	0	65535
69	X-Axis Crest Factor <sup>2, 6</sup>	0	65.535	0	65535
17	Z-Axis Peak Velocity (in/sec) <sup>1, 5</sup>	0	6.5535	0	65535
23	Z-Axis Peak Velocity (mm/sec) <sup>1, 5</sup>	0	65.535	0	65535
65	X-Axis Peak Velocity (in/sec) <sup>1, 5</sup>	0	6.5535	0	65535
71	X-Axis Peak Velocity (mm/sec) <sup>1, 5</sup>	0	65.535	0	65535
22	Z-Axis RMS Velocity (mm/sec) <sup>2, 5</sup>	0	65.535	0	65535
70	X-Axis RMS Velocity (mm/sec) <sup>2, 5</sup>	0	65.535	0	65535
27	Full Bandwidth RMS Acceleration Z-Axis (G) <sup>2, 6</sup>	0	65.535	0	65535
75	Full Bandwidth RMS Acceleration X-Axis (G) <sup>2, 6</sup>	0	65.535	0	65535
28	Full Bandwidth Peak Acceleration Z-Axis (G) <sup>2, 7</sup>	0	65.535	0	65535
76	Full Bandwidth Peak Acceleration X-Axis (G) <sup>2, 7</sup>	0	65.535	0	65535
192	Temperature (°C) <sup>3</sup>	-1638.4	1638.4	-32768	32767
193	Temperature (°F) <sup>3</sup>	-1638.4	1638.4	-32768	32767

<sup>1</sup> Value = Register value ÷ 10000

<sup>2</sup> Value = Register value ÷ 1000

<sup>3</sup> Value = Register value ÷ 20

<sup>4</sup> Value = Register value ÷ 10

<sup>5</sup> Measurement bandwidth = 10 Hz to 1 kHz

<sup>6</sup> Measurement bandwidth = 1 kHz to 4 kHz

<sup>7</sup> Measurement Bandwidth = 10 Hz to 4 kHz

Table 4: Modbus holding registers

I/O #	Modbus Holding Register		I/O Type	I/O Range		Holding Register Representation	
	Gateway	Any Node		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
1	1	1 + (Node# × 16)	Sensor Input Register 1				
2	2	2 + (Node# × 16)	Sensor Input Register 2				
3	3	3 + (Node# × 16)	Sensor Input Register 3				
4	4	4 + (Node# × 16)	Sensor Input Register 4				
5	5	5 + (Node# × 16)	Sensor Input Register 5				
6	6	6 + (Node# × 16)	Sensor Input Register 6				
7	7	7 + (Node# × 16)	Reserved				
8	8	8 + (Node# × 16)	Device Message				
		...					
15	15	15 + (Node# × 16)	Control Message				
16	16	16 + (Node# × 16)	Reserved				

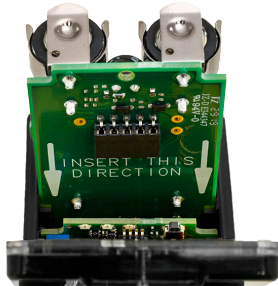
By default, data is supplied to the Node every five minutes, unless the Node requests the data sooner. The default configuration is shown and all optional outputs types are listed. Use the User Configuration Software to adjust the Sensor Register output type. Temperature values outside the operating range of the device are forced to the maximum or minimum values.

## Apply Power to the Q45

Follow these instructions to install or replace the lithium "AA" cell batteries.

As with all batteries, these are a fire, explosion, and severe burn hazard. Do not burn or expose them to high temperatures. Do not recharge, crush, disassemble, or expose the contents to water. Properly dispose of used batteries according to local regulations by taking it to a hazardous waste collection site, an e-waste disposal center, or other facility qualified to accept lithium batteries.

Figure 4. Q45 battery board



1. Loosen the clamp plate with a small Phillips screwdriver and lift the cover.
2. Slide the battery board out of the Q45 housing.
3. If applicable, remove the discharged batteries.
4. Install the new batteries. Use Banner's **BWA-BATT-006** replacement batteries or an equivalent 3.6 V AA lithium batteries, such as Xeno's XL-60F.
5. Verify the battery's positive and negative terminals align to the positive and negative terminals of the battery holder mounted within the case. Caution: There is a risk of explosion if the battery is replaced incorrectly.
6. Slide the board containing the new batteries back into the Q45 housing.
7. Close the cover and gently tighten the clamp plate with the small Phillips screwdriver.

## Apply Power to the Q45 (D-Cell Models)

Follow these instructions to install or replace the lithium D-cell batteries.

Figure 5. Battery pack and board



As with all batteries, these are a fire, explosion, and severe burn hazard. Do not burn or expose them to high temperatures. Do not recharge, crush, disassemble, or expose the contents to water. Properly dispose of used batteries according to local regulations by taking it to a hazardous waste collection site, an e-waste disposal center, or other facility qualified to accept lithium batteries.

1. Loosen the clamp plate with a small Phillips screwdriver and lift the cover.
2. Use the black pull wire to pull the battery board out of the Q45 housing.
3. If applicable, remove the discharged battery.
4. Install the new battery. Use Banner's **BWA-BATT-011** replacement battery or an equivalent 3.6 V D-cell lithium battery, such as Xeno's XL-205F.
5. Verify the battery's positive and negative terminals align to the positive and negative terminals of the battery holder mounted within the case. Caution: There is a risk of explosion if the battery is replaced incorrectly.
6. Slide the board containing the new battery back into the Q45 housing.
7. Close the cover and gently tighten the clamp plate with the small Phillips screwdriver.

## Specifications

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### Performance Radio with Internal Antenna Specifications

#### Radio Range<sup>2</sup>

900 MHz, 1 Watt: Up to 3.2 km (2 miles) with line of sight (internal antenna)  
2.4 GHz, 65 mW: Up to 1000 m (3280 ft) with line of sight (internal antenna)

#### Antenna Minimum Separation Distance

900 MHz, 150 mW and 250 mW: 2 m (6 ft)  
900 MHz, 1 Watt: 4.57 m (15 ft)  
2.4 GHz, 65 mW: 0.3 m (1 ft)

#### Radio Transmit Power

900 MHz, 1 Watt: 30 dBm (1 W) conducted (up to 36 dBm EIRP)  
2.4 GHz, 65 mW: 18 dBm (65 mW) conducted, less than or equal to 20 dBm (100 mW) EIRP

#### Spread Spectrum Technology

FHSS (Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum)

#### 900 MHz Compliance (1 Watt)

FCC ID UE3RM1809: FCC Part 15, Subpart C, 15.247  
IC: 7044A-RM1809  
IFT: RCPBARM13-2283

#### 2.4 GHz Compliance

FCC ID UE300DX80-2400: FCC Part 15, Subpart C, 15.247  
Radio Equipment Directive (RED) 2014/53/EU  
IC: 7044A-DX8024

#### Link Timeout (Performance)

Gateway: Configurable via User Configuration Software  
Node: Defined by Gateway

### Wireless Q45VTP Sensor Specifications

#### Typical Battery Life

See chart

#### Default Sensing Interval

5 minutes

#### Indicators

Red and green LEDs (radio function)

#### Shock

400G

#### Construction

Molded reinforced thermoplastic polyester housing, oring-sealed transparent Lexan® cover, molded acrylic lenses, and stainless steel hardware.  
Designed to withstand 1200 psi washdown.

#### Certifications



(NOM approval only applies to 900 MHz models)

### Environmental Specifications

#### Operating Conditions

-40 °C to +70 °C (-40 °F to +158 °F); 90% at +50 °C maximum relative humidity (non-condensing)  
Radiated Immunity: 10 V/m (EN 61000-4-3)

#### Environmental Rating

NEMA 6P, IP67

Operating the devices at the maximum operating conditions for extended periods can shorten the life of the device.

<sup>2</sup> Range depends on the environment and decreases significantly without line of sight. Always verify your wireless network's range by performing a Site Survey.

## Battery Life

Figure 6. Battery life for the Q45VTP Node

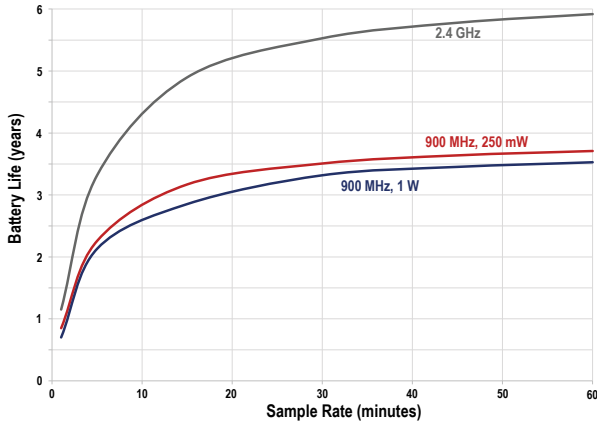
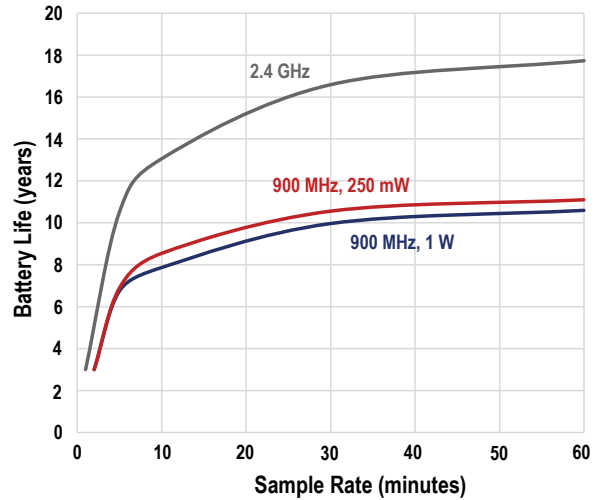


Figure 7. Battery life for the Q45VTPD Node



## Accessories

### QM30VT1 Vibration and Temperature Sensor

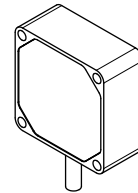
- Aluminum housing
- 2.09 m (6.85 ft) cable with a 5-pin M12 male quick disconnect (QD)
- Datasheet: [212568](#)

### QM30VT1-QP Vibration and Temperature Sensor

- Aluminum housing
- 150 mm (6 in) cable with a 5-pin M12 male quick disconnect (QD)
- Datasheet: [212568](#)

### QM30VT1-SS Vibration and Temperature Sensor

- Stainless steel housing
- 2.09 m (6.85 ft) cable with a 5-pin M12 male quick disconnect (QD)
- Datasheet: [212568](#)



### BWA-BATT-006

- 3.6 V Lithium AA cell
- Two batteries



### BWA-BATT-011

- 3.6 V Lithium D cell for non-hazardous locations only
- 19000 mAh
- One battery



## Warnings

**Exporting Sure Cross® Radios.** It is our intent to fully comply with all national and regional regulations regarding radio frequency emissions. **Customers who want to re-export this product to a country other than that to which it was sold must ensure the device is approved in the destination country.** The Sure Cross wireless products were certified for use in these countries using the antenna that ships with the product. When using other antennas, verify you are not exceeding the transmit power levels allowed by local governing agencies. This device has been designed to operate with the antennas listed on Banner Engineering's website and having a maximum gain of 9 dBm. Antennas not included in this list or having a gain greater than 9 dBm are strictly prohibited for use with this device. The required antenna impedance is 50 ohms. To reduce potential radio interference to other users, the antenna type and its gain should be so chosen such that the equivalent isotropically radiated power (EIRP) is not more than that permitted for successful communication. Consult with Banner Engineering Corp. if the destination country is not on this list.



**Important:** Please download the complete Wireless Q45VTP Node technical documentation, available in multiple languages, from [www.bannerengineering.com](http://www.bannerengineering.com) for details on the proper use, applications, Warnings, and installation instructions of this device.



**Important:** Por favor descargue desde [www.bannerengineering.com](http://www.bannerengineering.com) toda la documentación técnica de los Wireless Q45VTP Node, disponibles en múltiples idiomas, para detalles del uso adecuado, aplicaciones, advertencias, y las instrucciones de instalación de estos dispositivos.



**Important:** Veuillez télécharger la documentation technique complète des Wireless Q45VTP Node sur notre site [www.bannerengineering.com](http://www.bannerengineering.com) pour les détails sur leur utilisation correcte, les applications, les notes de sécurité et les instructions de montage.



**WARNING:**

- **Do not use this device for personnel protection**
- Using this device for personnel protection could result in serious injury or death.
- This device does not include the self-checking redundant circuitry necessary to allow its use in personnel safety applications. A device failure or malfunction can cause either an energized (on) or de-energized (off) output condition.



**Important:**

- **Electrostatic discharge (ESD) sensitive device**
- ESD can damage the device. Damage from inappropriate handling is not covered by warranty.
- Use proper handling procedures to prevent ESD damage. Proper handling procedures include leaving devices in their anti-static packaging until ready for use; wearing anti-static wrist straps; and assembling units on a grounded, static-dissipative surface.

## Banner Engineering Corp. Limited Warranty

Banner Engineering Corp. warrants its products to be free from defects in material and workmanship for one year following the date of shipment. Banner Engineering Corp. will repair or replace, free of charge, any product of its manufacture which, at the time it is returned to the factory, is found to have been defective during the warranty period. This warranty does not cover damage or liability for misuse, abuse, or the improper application or installation of the Banner product.

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For patent information, see [www.bannerengineering.com/patents](http://www.bannerengineering.com/patents).

## Notas Adicionales

Información México: La operación de este equipo está sujeta a las siguientes dos condiciones: 1) es posible que este equipo o dispositivo no cause interferencia perjudicial y 2) este equipo debe aceptar cualquier interferencia, incluyendo la que pueda causar su operación no deseada.

Banner es una marca registrada de Banner Engineering Corp. y podrán ser utilizadas de manera indistinta para referirse al fabricante. "Este equipo ha sido diseñado para operar con las antenas tipo Omnidireccional para una ganancia máxima de antena de 6 dBd y Yagi para una ganancia máxima de antena 10 dBd que en seguida se enlistan. También se incluyen aquellas con aprobación ATEX tipo Omnidireccional siempre que no excedan una ganancia máxima de antena de 6dBd. El uso con este equipo de antenas no incluidas en esta lista o que tengan una ganancia mayor que 6 dBd en tipo omnidireccional y 10 dBd en tipo Yagi, quedan prohibidas. La impedancia requerida de la antena es de 50 ohms."

Antenas SMA	Modelo	Antenas Tipo-N	Modelo
Antena, Omni 902-928 MHz, 2 dBd, junta de caucho, RP-SMA Macho	<b>BWA-902-C</b>	Antena, Omni 902-928 MHz, 6 dBd, fibra de vidrio, 1800mm, N Hembra	<b>BWA-906-A</b>
Antena, Omni 902-928 MHz, 5 dBd, junta de caucho, RP-SMA Macho	<b>BWA-905-C</b>	Antena, Yagi, 900 MHz, 10 dBd, N Hembra	<b>BWA-9Y10-A</b>

## Mexican Importer

Banner Engineering de México, S. de R.L. de C.V.  
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 San Pedro Garza Garcia Nuevo León, C. P. 66269  
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